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TITLE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT OF MORALE, WELFARE AND RECREATION: A GUIDE FOR COMMANDERS

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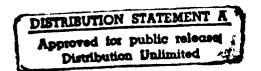
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PREFACE

Commanders have important responsibilities in leading Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MWR) programs. They must insure a wide range of programs that support their base community, carefully evaluating the cost of these programs in terms of facilities, equipment and manpower. They must know business concepts, such as evaluating income and managing working capital. Further, they must know how each MWR activity fits into the overall mission and insure appropriated fund support is provided accordingly.

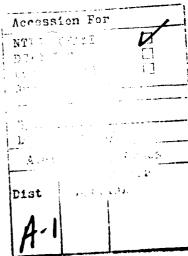
Commanders do all this while faced with growing pressure to reduce appropriated fund support and operate MWR on a more self sustaining basis. If they are good at managing the financial end of their MWR programs, they can maintain the high state of morale essential for the effectiveness of military personnel and their dependents. This, in turn, makes the difference between just getting the job done and getting it done well.

But, it's not easy to get at all the rules and guidelines which affect MWR financial management. They are scattered in dozens of regulations and less formal documents. This document consolidates these guidelines for easier access. It also lays out simple business tools for financial management of MWR.

This document will be published by the Leadership and Management Development Center as a simply worded guide for the Base Commander's Management Course. In this way, the guide will help commanders improve their MWR programs and allow them more time to focus on other challenges. The result will be increased mission effectiveness.

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ABOUT THE AUTHOR

joined the Air Force in 1963 and served the next six years in budget and finance. He attended Arizona State University under the Airman's Education and Commissioning Program, graduating with a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting in 1971. After commissioning through Officer Training School, he served in a variety of comptroller assignments at base and MAJCOM. During this period, he was active in Morale, Welfare and Recreation management, leading several special studies for commanders on internal controls and evaluation of financial performance. From 1983 to 1985, he served as Chief, MWR Division at Yokota Air Base, Japan. He is a certified public accountant and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Frefac																								
About	the	Au	tho	r.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	1 🗸	
CHAPTE	ER O	NE-	-IN	TRO	DL	ICT	10	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	1	
CHAPTE	ER T	WO-	-6U	I DE	ELI	NE	S	FC	R	MW	R	FI	NA	NC	ES	3.	•	•	•	•	•	•	2	
CHAPTE	ER T	HRE	E(QUE	EST	.10	NS	, <i>p</i>	BC	TUC		IWF	F	IN	141	ICE	S	•	•	•	•	•	4	
CHAPTE	ER F	OUR	TI	HE	CC	MM	AN	DE	ER	AN	Œ	Mk	IR	FI	NA	NC	ES	3.		•	-	•	5	
CHAPTE	ER F	IVE	C	DNC	CLL	IS I	ON	i .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•			•	7	
BIBL10	OGRA	PHY		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	•		9	
APPENI	DIX-	-Fi	nand	cia	al Gu	Ma	na	ge fo	:ME	ent Co)f	Mc)ra	al e	,	We	21 1	ar	e	аг	nd	16	

Chapter One

INTRODUCTION

Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MWR) financial management is unnecessarily complicated for Air Force base commanders. Guidelines for MWR financial operations, working capital management and appropriated fund support are spelled out in a variety of Air Force publications but are not consolidated for ready access. The guidelines say most MWR activities must make a profit to sustain operations and generate working capital; some, however, must be subsidized by profit makers and/or appropriated funds. Support guidelines also stipulate whether appropriated or nonappropriated funds (NAFs) can or should be used. These guidelines are spread throughout literally dozens of publications.

Commanders also face the lack of generally accepted business guidelines for MWR financial evaluation and decision making. Review of financial literature reveals useful tools for evaluating performance and financial health. Since MWR activities operate in much the same way as private business concerns, it makes sense to use what's there to simplify MWR financial management. Although this guidance is available in the private sector, little has been formalized for use in MWR financial programs.

Enter the base commander, coming to MWR financial management with heavy responsibilities and finding little constructive guidance. Financial responsibilities for base commanders are twofold. They supervise establishment (investment) and operation (performance) of installation NAF instrumentalities. They must exercise these responsibilities while trying to provide balanced leisure time recreational programs to base military and dependents. They must also cope with the myriad of regulations and guidance which often raise more questions than they answer. Commanders need a simply worded financial decision guide for MWR activities. They have recognized and expressed this need repeatedly.

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This paper will summarize guidelines for MWR financial health, operations and support. Generally accepted business guidelines will then be examined for appropriate MWR applications. Finally, this information will be incorporated into a simply worded guide for commanders.

Chapter Two

GUIDELINES FOR MWR FINANCES

Guidelines for MWR financial operations are contained in a wide variety of publications, making it difficult to get at the necessary information. Over half of the 27 regulations and 10 pamphlets covering MWR activities contain some financial guidelines (5:18,80,87,88). Major commands have supplemented these Air Force publications and published their own regulations, newsletters and policy letters on MWR financial operations (18: --;19:--;20:--;21:--;22:--;23:--;24:--). The average base MWR organization must look to about 40 different sources to make sure they are following the spirit and intent of financial rules and goals. This makes it hard for even the experts to keep up, let alone our new commanders.

The financial guidelines are hard to keep up with, but their basic rationale is simple:

[to maintain]...the high morale and state of well-being essential for the effectiveness of its military personnel, their dependents and eligible civilian personnel. To do this, NAF sources give financial support to programs and facilities for free-time recreational pursuits...Depending on the nature of these programs and facilities, some are wholly or predominately operated and maintained with funds appropriated by congress while others are wholly or predominately operated and maintained with NAFs [emphasis added] (9:4).

Depending on the nature of programs and facilities provided, there are different operating rules and profit-generating goals for different NAF instrumentalities (NAFIs). While most NAFIs have different profit centers (and goals), the Central Base Fund (CBF) is the most varied in activities offered and profit goals. Some CBF activities must produce income (golf, bowling, arts and crafts, child care centers, etc.); others will absorb income (libraries, athletic programs, recreation centers, etc.) (9:55). These guidelines extend to eight categories of MWR activities (8:104-105). This complicates NAF administration.

But, there's more. The Air Force has also established guidelines for appropriated fund support to MWR programs. As previously implied, appropriated fund support is tied to mission support provided by MWR programs. For example, if an officers' open mess is declared an essential feeding facility,

they will be entitled to appropriated fund support for kitchen/dining operations (8:102).

There are other examples of appropriated fund support being tied to mission, but there are also growing pressures from Congress to manage this support more effectively (4:--;26:--). This makes improved financial management for MWR even more important. By consolidating the various guidelines, we take a noteworthy first step in the right direction. We need to go further, though, and establish a framework for answering questions about MWR finances.

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Chapter Three

QUESTIONS ABOUT MWR FINANCES

We have shown it's not easy to keep up with MWR financial guidelines. To simplify and answer questions about these complicated rules and goals, we must have a framework for evaluation. There are some recommended tools for evaluating performance and working capital in general finance and accounting literature (1:--;2:--; 3:--). We can merge this information with Air Force guidance on appropriated fund support to MWR activities. We can then make this consolidated information available in easy to understand terms for answering MWR financial questions.

When working with MWR finances, it is helpful to understand how questions can be at least partially answered by informed examination of financial statements and/or regulations. We can narrow relevant questions to three areas (2:--;8:106-114):

- 1) income questions (how well or poorly did an activity
 perform?);
- 2) health questions (how well or poorly can an activity afford to pay its bills or invest in new programs?); and,
- 3) support questions (could or should we provide appropriated fund support to an activity?).

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Measurement and decision tools to help answer these questions are available. Using these available tools, we can more effectively evaluate performance. We can also do a better job of deciding which activities should get appropriated fund support and in what amounts. If we can do these things better, we can better handle MWR financial programs and activities. More important, we can use our improved effectiveness to help the commander with his share of the financial leadership.

Chapter Four

THE COMMANDER AND MWR FINANCES

There is no doubt that commanders need help with their direct responsibilities in managing MWR programs and resources. Consider that the commander:

We see that commanders are responsible for the operation and scope of MWR programs. Financially, they hold responsibility for prudent operations and wise use of resources in setting up improved or additional MWR programs.

In spite of the broad responsibilities of commanders, they are usually not well informed about the variety of financial guidelines governing MWR programs. They view MWR as a simple business which offers a wide variety of services and products to make a profit (27:--;28:--;29:--;30:--;31:--;32:--;33:--). MWR financial management is not so simple.

We've shown there are dozens of regulations and guidelines which set different parameters for MWR profitability. Not only does the Air Force set guidelines which establish loss-generating activities, but major commands set financial goals which conflict with the simple premise of business profitability. It's no wonder, then, that commanders are not as well informed as they should be to execute their broad responsibilities.

Commanders recognize their information dilemma and want simple guidance on rules and goals for MWR financial operations. In 1985, 70 percent of commanders completing the Base Commander's Management Course stated they wanted help interpreting MWR financial statements (27:--). This cry for help is not isolated. Class critiques for 1982 through 1985 show over half

of those attending wanted a guide to MWR financial management (30:--). This guide should help commanders answer income, health and support questions by providing sound financial tools and relevant Air Force regulatory guidance in one document. Given the guide, commanders can fulfill their MWR financial responsibilities more effectively. More important, however, they'll save their most valuable commodity--time (28:--;27:--;33:--).

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Chapter Five

CONCLUSION

We have seen that commanders have critical responsibilities in administering MWR activities, including evaluating income, financial health and appropriated fund support. Carrying out these responsibilities is unnecessarily complicated by the myriad of MWR publications which address financial management parameters. There is no single, simply worded source a commander (or anyone) can turn to for quick reference. Given available and acceptable business tools for measuring financial effectiveness, there is sufficient data upon which to base a guide for commanders.

But, is such a guide necessary? Commanders seem to think so. Critiques rendered by attendees of the Base Commander's Management Course for the four years ending in 1985 reveal a long-term need for a simply worded guide to MWR financial management. The desired guide would cover both Air Force guidelines and some of the more appropriate tools adopted from accounting literature. It would also include logic tables for appropriated fund support decisions. Thus equipped with the ability to better manage MWR resources, the commander will also be better able to deal with MWR issues in mission support situations.

Commanders do, indeed, need the guide. We owe them a management aid for evaluation and decision making. Appendix A provides this guide for commanders.



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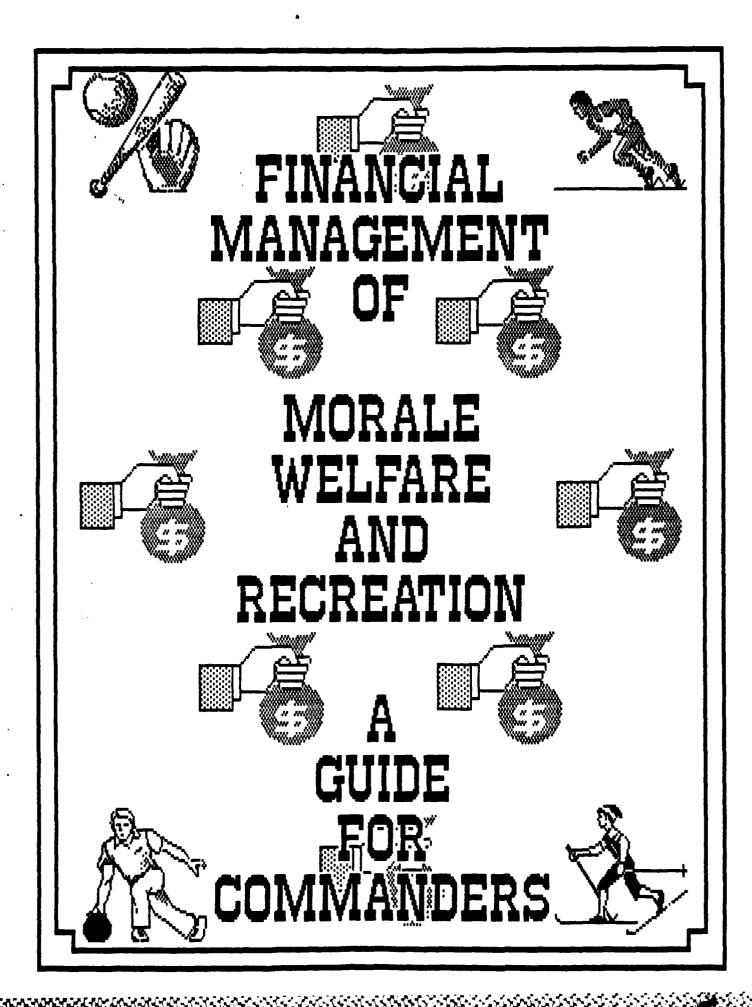
APPENDIX	

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

OF

MORALE, WELFARE AND RECREATION

A GUIDE FOR COMMANDERS



PREFACE

A little over two years ago, the author was assigned as Chief, MWR. Initial marching orders from the commander included a plea to "make some sense" out of the financial management end of the MWR business. Sounded simple. It took a lot of time and research to get to here from there.

This guide has been developed to help commanders perform a job which is unnecessarily complicated: financial management of MWR programs. Included are tips to help in evaluating income, financial health and appropriated fund support. While the guide does not cover every possible situation, it does lay out general rules which will help commanders answer some basic questions for themselves—and ask the right questions of their MWR experts.

Included in this guide for commanders are topics to satisfy the Leadership and Management Development Center's requirements for their Base Commander's Management Course. Lt Colonel Joseph C. Justice sponsored the guide and was most helpful to the author. Major William F. Furr served as faculty advisor to the author, often making the difference in getting the message across. The author is a certified public accountant with over 20 years in the comptroller field and a recent 2-year stint as Chief, MWR at Yokota Air Base, Japan. The combined experience of those involved in producing the guide make it factually and conceptually useful. Only in the hands of commanders, though, will the guide meet its full potential. It will save them time and, therefore, allow them to be more effective. To that end, the author welcomes feedback on improving the guide.

As with any project of this type, there are those who gave the author special motivation. Special thanks go to Major Anthony J. Kobussen for his constructive criticism; the many student and faculty associates who gave encouragement; and, most of all, the author's wife (Toshi) and daughter (Twyla) for their sympathy and sincere attempts to understand what must have appeared to be, at best, total confusion.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Preface			
CHAPTER ONEINTRODUCTION			1
CHAPTER TWOABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS Abbreviations	• (3
Definitions	•		4
CHAPTER THREEINCOME QUESTIONS			_
Killing the Myth	-		5 5
Important Goals			
Bottom Line			
51165755 5015 51116157A 115A 711 615G77G1G			
CHAPTER FOURFINANCIAL HEALTH QUESTIONS Some preliminary Words			11
Financial Health Questions			
Relationship to Operating Statement			
The Point			
CHAPTER FIVESUPPORT QUESTIONS			
	_		17
Setting the Tone	•		17
Relationship Between Mission and Support			20
Appropriated Fund Support			
Appropriated Fund Budget			
Commander's Role			
CHAPTER SIXCONCLUSION			
Final Note For Commanders	•		23
APPENDICES			
Appendix A - General Ledger Account Codes			
Appendix B - MWR Regulations and Pamphlets		- •	27
Appendix C - Funding Policy - Construction of			-
Community Facilities	•	• •	29
TAIDEN			70

LIST OF TABLES

Table	1	-	Sample Statement of Income and Expense 6
Table	2	-	Guide for MWR Activity Financial Objectives . 9
Table	3	-	Annual Financial Goal Examples 10
Table	4	_	Sample Statement of Financial Condition 12
Table	5	-	Categories of MWR Activities
Table	6	_	Authorized Appropriated Support to MWR 19

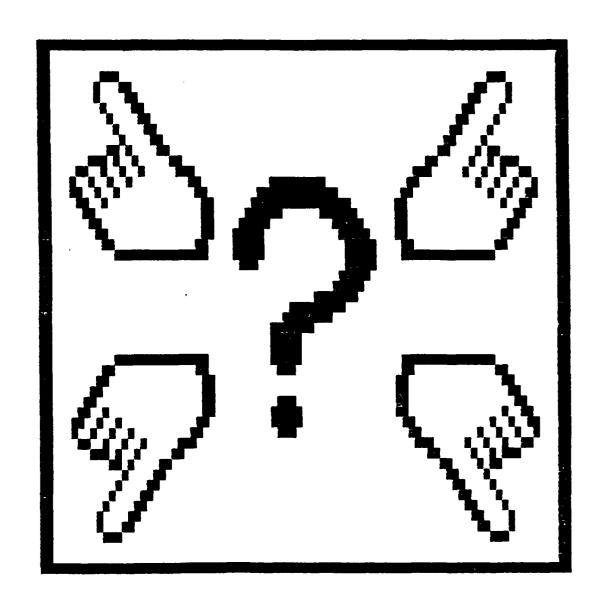
CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION

As a base commander, you have important and time-consuming responsibilities for MWR programs. Air Force Regulations say you are responsible for creating and maintaining morale and well-being of your military, their dependents and civilian personnel. You do this primarily through leadership of effective MWR programs which account for millions of dollars in manpower, equipment and facilities. Rules and goals for financial management of MWR programs are complicated, but have been simplified in this guide to save time and help you make better decisions.

As you look at MWR finances, you are faced with three types of questions: income questions, financial health questions and support questions. Income questions ask how to make sense out of operating statements and how much (or little) income is good. Financial health questions ask if there is enough money in the bank to pay bills or invest in program improvements. Finally, support questions look for extent of mission support provided by MWR and, accordingly, how much appropriated fund support to provide to selected programs. In our look at the guidelines for the three areas of question, we'll concentrate on answers.

What follows is a simple approach to answering the three types of questions for MWR programs. We've consolidated information from dozens of Air Force publications and financial literature. We'll show which numbers on MWR financial statements are important—and why. Then, you can use this information to ask better questions of your MWR experts. You'll save some time and improve your MWR programs.



CHAPTER TWO

ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Before we get too far along, we need to let you know about some of the abbreviations we'll use and define some business terms.

Abbreviations

- APF Appropriated Fund. Fund appropriated by Congress. The taxpayer's money.
- NAF Nonappropriated Fund. Fund generated from MWR, Exchange (BX) facilities, etc. Not appropriated by Congress.
- NAFFMB NAF Financial Management Branch. The comptroller shop for MWR.
- NAFI NAF Instrumentality. This is an entity for accounting/management control. Each NAFI may have several activities. The ones you'll most frequently come in contact with are:

NAFI	Activities						
Central Base Fund	Golf, bowling, sports, outdoor recreation, child care, libraries, auto/arts and crafts, veterinary services, recreation centers, youth centers, camping/hiking sites, etc.						
Officers' Open Mess	Bar, dining, special activities, etc.						
NCO Open Mess	Bar, dining, special activities, etc.						
Class VI Store	Resale package beverage store, etc.						
Aero Club	Ground School, resale store, etc.						
Sportsmens' Club	Skeet/trap ranges, resale store, etc.						
Billeting Fund	Temporary/transient quarters, etc.						
NAFFMB Fund	Accounts Control, Payroll, etc.						

Definitions

- Business Ratios Aids in understanding financial statements.

 They help analyze and interpret relationships between

 various financial accounts. The ones we'll be using:
 - Return on Sales Net Income/Loss expressed as a percentage of Sales. A profitability measure useful in measuring attainment of income goals.
 - Operating Cost Coverage Total Operating Expense expressed as a percentage of Sales. Indicates the proportion of sales needed to cover operating expenses.
 - Gross Profit Gross Profit on Sales expressed as a percentage of Sales. Shows proportion of sales available to cover expenses.
 - Profit Margin Gross Income Before Expenses expressed as a percentage of Sales. Shows proportion of sales plus other activity revenues available to cover expenses.
 - Current Current Assets divided by Current Liabilities. Provides measure of ability to pay short term debts.
 - Quick Current Assets less Prepaids and Inventories divided by Current Liabilities. A more rigorous measure of ability to pay short term debts.
 - Inventory Turnover Cost of Sales divided by average Inventory. Tells how many times inventory is sold during a period.
 - Accounts Receivable Turnover Accounts Receivable divided by average daily credit Sales. Tells average number of days to collect from debtors.
 - Debt Total Liabilities expressed as a percentage of total Assets. Tells what proportion of assets are owned by outside creditors (conversely, how much we own).

CHAPTER THREE

INCOME QUESTIONS

Killing the Myth

Let's deal with the myth that MWR is in the profit making business. It's not. The Air Force prohibits making more money than needed to defray operating costs and fund required programs. Fees and charges are set within this guideline. So, it's perfectly acceptable to "lose" money in some activities, as long as the overall NAFI "makes" enough to satisfy foreseeable needs.

Needs must maintain:

. . . the high morale and state of well-being essential for the effectiveness of its military personnel, their dependents and eligible civilian personnel. To do this, NAF sources give financial support to programs and facilities for free-time recreational pursuits of these people.

With this in mind, let's look at the financial statement on the next page. Looks pretty complicated, but we'll make it easy by concentrating on some key numbers.

Income Questions

The Sample Statement of Income and Expense is in the prescribed Air Force format (Table 1). We've used rounded numbers for ease in illustration. Actual statements at specific bases may vary, but should follow our format. The statement covers the second month of the year, so we should anticipate that Year to Date figures will be roughly double those for Current Month.

Note where the dotted lines are. These five sets of numbers will give us a quick feel for how well operations are going. Following the lines across the statement, we see several pieces of useful information—current month, year to date and percent of sales for each.

Let's look at them from the bottom up, concentrating on the key questions you should have--and the answers.

TABLE 1

SAMPLE STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSE **GROSS INCOME:** CURRENT MO PCT YEAR TO DATE PCT 301 SALES 157,700.00 335,500.00 401 COST OF SALES BEGINNING INVENTORY PURCHASE OF GOODS LESS ENDING INVENTORY TOTAL COST OF SALES GROSS PROFIT FROM SALES 131,000.00 117,000.00 13B,000.00 110,000.00 225,500.00 110,000.00 67,000.00 138,000.00 41,000.00 116,700.00 ACTIVITY REVENUE 501 FACILITY USE CHARGES 502 DUES--ASSESSMENTS TOTAL ACTIVITY REVENUE GROSS INCOME BEFORE EXPENSES 16,000.00 700.00 16,700.00 33,000.00 1,700.00 34,700.00 260,200.00 10.6 10.6 84.6 10.3 133,400.00 OPERATING EXPENSES PERSONNEL EXPENSE 701 PAYROLL 70X FICA, GROUP INS, ETC 71X OTHER PERSONNEL EXPENSE TOTAL PERSONNEL EXPENSE SUPPORT FUNCTION 716 NAFFMB SERVICES 71X CCPO/COMPUTER SERVICES TOTAL SUPPORT FUNCTION MATERIAL RELATED EXPENSE 720 SUPPLIES 723 MAINT & REPAIR 7251 SPOILAGE & BREAKAGE TOTAL MATERIAL RELATED EXP ENTERTAINMENT EXPENSE 751 ENTERTAINERS 78,700.00 8,200.00 8,300.00 95,200.00 161,800.00 13,800.00 14,700.00 190,300.00 60.4 56.7 18,000.00 1,800.00 19,800.00 9,900.00 1,000.00 10,900.00 6.9 4,500.00 2,300.00 700.00 9,000.00 5,600.00 1,100.00 15,700.00 7,500.00 4.8 4.7 751 ENTERTAINERS 759 FOOD/BEVERAGES/PRIZES TOTAL ENTERTAINMENT_EXPENSE 300.00 2,700.00 3,000.00 400.00 5,000.00 5,400.00 1.9 OTHER ENTERTAINMENT EXPENS OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE 784 UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS 786 UNCOLLECTIBLE CHECKS 788 UTILITIES TOTAL OTHER OP EXPENSE TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE 250.00 500.00 3,700.00 4,450.00 121,050.00 450.00 1,000.00 7,600.00 9,050.00 240,250.00 2.8 2.7 76.8 71.6 RESULTS OF OP BEFORE DEPREC 12,350.00 19,950.00 5.9 7.8 DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION 79X DEP - FURN/FIXTURES/FACIL TOTAL DEPRECIATION/AMORT 26,500.00 26,500.00 52,500.00 16.8 15.6 -32,550.00 RESULTS OF OP AFTER DEPREC -14.150.00 -9.0 -9.7 OTHER INCOME DONATIONS/MISCELLANEOUS B, 600.00 26,000.00 80X 3,600.00 1,600.00 13,800.00 3,600.00 3,300.00 32,900.00 830 GRANTS O GRANTS O REIMBURSEMENTS TOTAL OTHER INCOME 9.8 8.8 OTHER EXPENSE CASH OVERAGE/SHORTAGE 95.00 95.00 161.00 TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE . 1 161.00 .0

NOTE: NUMERIC CODES SHOWN IN THE FAR LEFT COLUMN ARE GENERAL LEDGER ACCOUNT CODES. A COMPLETE LISTING IS AT APPENDIX A.

NET INCOME/LOSS

-445.00

-.3

189.00

. 1

Assume our goal is to make a modest profit.

Question one: Did we make a profit?

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Sections services " sections services

Section (Section)

For the answer, we go to the bottom of the statement and see:

NET INCOME/LOSS -445.00 -.3 189.00 .1

We lost money this month. Even though we show a small profit for the year, we should be looking for reasons. We'll do this as we move up the statement.

Question two: How'd we do compared to established goals?

Remember, we said it's perfectly acceptable to lose money under certain conditions. Our actual Return on Sales ratio (shown as -.3 for the current month) could be DK--our goal could be for a loss, breakeven or modest profit. Assuming our goal was to make a modest profit, however, we didn't meet it here.

Question three: Why didn't we reach our goal?

Note that so far we've only looked at the bottom line. We'll look upward for this answer. Our next two important lines:

TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	121,050.00	76.8	240,250.00	71.6
RESULTS OF OP BEFORE DEPREC	12,350.00	7.8	19,950.00	5.9

The Operating Cost Coverage ratio is shown as a percent on the "Total Operating Expenses" line. We used a higher percentage of revenues for these costs in the current month (76.8 percent) than year to date (71.6 percent). There are probably several reasons for this—your MWR Chief will have them, so ask.

Note, too, the higher current month results before depreciation (7.8 percent vs 5.9 year to date). This may imply higher gross profit in the current period. We'll look at this in a moment.

Question four: Is there a problem with any specific expense?

As we move up to our next dotted line, we should look at each category of expense to see if there are significant increases or decreases. Note possible questions in Entertainment and Support expenses—we should question the MWR Chief accordingly.

Question five: How much did we make before expenses?

Let's enter the revenue area of the statement for this answer.

GROSS INCOME BEFORE EXPENSES 133,400.00 84.6 260,200.00 77.6

This line includes both Sales and Activity Revenue (dues and charges). The percentages give us the Profit Margin ratio. In reality, this is the line that pays for operating expenses. After all was said and done, we had 84.6 percent of sales to cover expenses (77.6 year to date). Note that we had an increase in gross income for the current month. This more than offset the small increases in operating expenses.

Question six: How much did we make from sales?

To answer this one, we move up to our last underlined numbers.

GROSS PROFIT FROM SALES 116,700.00 74.0 225,500.00 67.2

These figures give us the Gross Profit ratio, the percentage of sales available to cover operating costs (74 percent for the current month). We didn't have enough to cover operating expenses, but other activity revenues enabled us to make \$12,350 before depreciation. Overall, not bad.

Well, that's a quick tour through the Operating Statement. By keying on five sets of numbers, we've seen that there are four ratios (or tools) provided: Return on Sales, Operating Cost Coverage, Profit Margin and Gross Frofit. We also asked six questions and either answered them or got enough information to ask smart questions of our MWR Chief.

In our example, we wanted to make a modest profit. We didn't. We need to understand what drives our operating goals before we go any further.

Important Goals

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If it were simply a matter of profit, we could quickly evaluate how well (or poorly) we're doing. We have to consider Air Force guidelines, though, before we can determine what's good or bad (Appendix B lists Air Force MWR publications).

A look at the Central Base Fund NAFI illustrates this point. While we'll look specifically at Central Base Fund activities, there are also specific goals for the other NAFIs. These are intended to insure continued operations, required replacement and capital improvements.

TABLE 2

GUIDE FOR MWR ACTIVITY FINANCIAL OBJECTIVES

INCOME-GENERATING PROGRAMS

Central Base Fund activities may generate NAF income to support their operations and assist activities that generate either insufficient or no income. The host unit support commander decides which programs will generate excess income, break even or absorb losses. Programs include:

Arts and Crafts Centers (and related activities)

Bowling Centers (snack bars, related activities)

Child Care Centers (includes preschools)

Golf Courses (and related activities)

Outdoor Recreation (and related activities)

Veterinary Services (reimbursable by patrons)

Dental Clinic: (reimbursable by patrons)

Youth Activities (and related activities)

NON-INCOME-SENERATING PROGRAMS

Central Base Fund activities listed below will not usually generate income. They are supported by income generating programs, appropriated funds or a combination of the two. They may operate programs (i.e., bingo, snack bars, etc.), however, which generate income. Programs include:

Athletic Programs (facilities and activities)

Library Programs

Recreation Centers (and related activities)

Parks, Recreation Trails

Other Mon-Income-Generating CBF Activities

NOTE: This list is not all-inclusive. Military General Welfare and Recreation Activities are usually under the Central Base Fund (CBF) NAF instrumentality at base level. Commanders should make sure that their annual appropriated fund budgets and financial plans provide support to CBF and other MMR activities consistent with funding availability and Air Force and MAJCOM policies.

Table 2 shows that profit isn't the only thing to consider when evaluating operational performance. We've already said that our main goal is to provide leisure time activities for the morale and well-being of our people. To do this, we offer some programs that "lose" money, as long as the overall NAFI operates "in the black."

Central Base Fund activities are either "Income-Generating" or "Non-Income-Generating" operations. Base Commanders decide the programs which generate or absorb income. Activities which do not generate income will be supported by those which do and/or by appropriated funds.

Major Air Commands (MAJCOMs) set more specific goals for operational performance of NAFIs. These goals usually follow the percentages or ratios discussed in our survey of the Operating Statement.

TABLE 3

ANNUAL FINANCIAL GOAL EXAMPLES

Central Base Fund - Following goals assume annual APF support of \$147,500.

A. Consolidated Financial Goals:

- 1. Repay \$400 per month for bowling center loan.
- 2. Make \$12,200 through operations by the end of the fiscal year for purchase of new capital assets.
- 3. Make \$7,900 through operations by the end of the fiscal year to replace unserviceable property.
- 4. Obtain \$820,000 grant from USAF for construction of a tennis court and child care center.
- 5. Generate sufficient income to repay loans, finance capital requirements and preserve working capital.
- 6. Increase total resale inventory by \$5,500.
- 7. etc.

B. Operational Financial Goals:

- 1. Golf Course. Provide \$55,200 net income from operations to support consolidated financial goals.
 - (a) Pro Shop. Provide \$4,700 net income and maintain 25 percent gross profit from sales.
 - (b) Snack Bar. Provide \$4,800 net income and maintain 51 percent gross profit from sales.
 - (c) Course. Provide \$45,700 net income and maintain current user charges.
- 2. Library. Reduce prior year operating loss by \$2,700 in support of consolidated financial goals.
- 3. etc.

Given Air Force and MAJCOM goals, Table 3 illustrates how bases set their own financial goals. Note that the base goals assume \$147,500 APF support. We'll talk more about the importance of APF support in chapter five.

The point is that it's just not possible to evaluate operational performance unless we know both how to quickly evaluate information from financial statements and what Air Force, MAJCOM and local goals we must meet. Your MWR Chief has this information.

Bottom Line

As the Base Commander, you must provide MWR programs that both enhance morale and operate efficiently. If you can pick out key numbers from financial statements and evaluate them in the light of Air Force, MAJCOM and local goals, you can tell if they're efficient.

If efficient, you've got half the battle won. If not, you will at least know what key questions need answering and who can give you the answers--your MWR Chief.

That's the key to programs which enhance morale.

CHAPTER FOUR

FINANCIAL HEALTH QUESTIONS

Some Preliminary Words

Our next statement lays out assets, liabilities and equity. It's a statement of what is owned and who owns it. Assets are things which can be owned. Liabilities show the extent of outside ownership of assets and equity shows the extent of inside ownership of assets. Thus, the old accounting formula:

Assets = Liabilities + Equity.

The Statement of Financial Condition gives us a measure of the financial health of a NAFI. While knowing who owns the assets is a big part of determining financial health, there are several other bits of useful information included.

Remember it's just a list of things (assets) and who owns these things (liabilities and equity).

Financial Health Questions

Aside from telling us who owns what, the Statement of Financial Condition provides answers to several questions. Remember, the information is as of a specific **point** in time. The Statement of Income and Expense covered a specific **period** of time.

Our Sample Statement of Financial Condition is once again in the prescribed Air Force format (Table 4). We'll continue to use the dotted line method to focus on the important numbers. We'll also refer back to the Statement of Income and Expense for some answers.

The format shows both Current Month and Prior Month balances, with a Net Change for key numbers.

Let's get on with the questions--and answers!

TABLE 4

SAMPLE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:	CURRENT MO BAL	PRIOR MO BAL	NET CHANGE
CASH 101 CASH IN BANK 105 CHANGE FUND 1051 PETTY CASH IMPREST FUND TOTAL CASH MARKETABLE SECURITIES	175,000.00 2,300.00 1,100.00 178,400.00	178,000.00 2,300.00 1,150.00 181,450.00	-3,050.00
109 INTEREST BEARING DEPOSITS	75,000.00	75,000.00	0.00
111 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 1114 CLAIMS RECEIVABLE TOTAL RECEIVABLES	43,900.00 2,400.00 46,300.00	45,800.00 2,400.00 48,200.00	-1,900.00
PREPAYMENTS 130 PREPAID EXPENSES 1301 PREPAID SUPPLIES TOTAL PREPAYMENTS INVENTORIES AND INVESTMENTS	500.00 200.00 700.00	400.00 150.00 550.00	150.00
161 INVENTORY IN STOREROOM 162 INVENTORY IN SALES OUTLET	87,000.00 51,000.00	86,000.00 49,000.00	7 606 06
TOTAL INVENTORIES & INVEST TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	138,000.00 438,400.00	135,000.00 440,200.00	3,000.00 -1,800.00
FIXED ASSETS:		~ c	
PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT 181 DEPREC ASSETS - EQUIPMENT 182 ACCUM DEPREC - EQUIPMENT 185 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	2,246,900.00 741,600.00 84,925.00 1,590,225.00	2,147,100.00 715,100.00 164,590.00 1,596,590.00	-6,365.00
TOTAL ASSETS	2,028,625.00	2,036,790.00	-8,165.00
LI	ABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	÷ *		
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE 201 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE SALARIES AND WAGES PAYABLE	80,100,00	86.100.00	-6.000.00
205 FED TAX WITHHOLDING 207 SOCIAL SECURITY TAX TOTAL SALARIES/WAGES PAYABLE OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	6,200.00 2,700.00 8,90g.00	6,100.00 2,650.00 8,750.00	150.00
227 ACCRUED MAINTENANCE 232 UNEARNED INCOME 245 CURRENT LOAN PAYABLE TOTAL OTH CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,750.00 11,300.00 29,180.00 42,230.00 131,230.00	1,500.00 10,500.00 32,100.00 44,100.00	-1,870.00
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	131,230.00	138, 950.00	-7,720.00
LONG TERM LIABILITIES	700 400 00	722 100 00	0.00
251 LONG TERM LOAN PAYABLE	322,100.00		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	453,330.00	401, V3V. QV	-7,720.00
FUND EQUITY	1 F7F 74A AA	• 272 • 64 • 66	
290 FUND EQUITYPRIOR YEARS 291 NET INCOMECURR YEAR TOTAL FUND EQUITY	1,575,740.00 -445.00 1,575,295.00	1,575,106.00 634.00 1,575,740.00	-445.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	2,028,625.00	2,036,790.00	-8,165.00

Question one: Can we afford to pay our current bills?

"Current" in accounting language means something we expect to pay or collect within one year.

The answer to this question lies in the two lines shown below.

TOTAL CURRENT		438,400.00	•	•
	LIABILITIES	131,230.00	138,950.00	-7,720.00

We use our Current and Quick ratios here. Dividing Total Current Assets by Total Current Liabilities gives the Current ratio (3.3 to 1 for the current month). This means we have \$3.30 of Current Assets for each \$1.00 of Current Liabilities.

The Quick ratio subtracts inventories, prepaid expenses, petty cash and change funds from Current Assets before dividing by Current Liabilities (we wouldn't use these accounts to pay our bills, anyway). Our Quick ratio is 2.3 to 1 this month.

It sure looks as if we can pay our current bills, doesn't it? Business and academic opinion seems to lean toward minimums of 2 to 1 for the Current ratio and 1 to 1 for the Quick ratio. Air Force or MAJCOM goals for these ratios might be higher or lower, so make sure your MWR Chief lets you know what they are.

Now let's see how we look on total debt.

RECESSION CONTROL STREET STREETS REVENUE THE

TOTAL ASSETS	2,028,625.00	•	-8,165.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	453,330.00	461,050.00	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			

### Question two: How do we look on total debt?

Total Liabilities divided by Total Assets gives us the **Debt** ratio, a measure of creditor ownership of assets. We show about 23 percent for both this month and last month. The "rule of thumb" maximum is about 50 percent—that is, creditors owning half of our assets. We're certainly OK here.

Note the converse here is that if creditors own 23 percent of our assets, our equity (ownership) is 77 percent.

Our next question looks at Inventories and Cost of Sales.

TOTAL INVENTORIES	138,000.00	135,000.00 3,000.00
TOTAL COST OF SALES Current N	6 41,000.00 YTD	110,000.00

## Question three: Are we maintaining good inventory levels?

Inventory Turnover measures how often the inventory is sold in a given period. Besides the costs to store inventories, they also tie up capital. We want enough to operate, but not so much that it costs more than it's worth. Dividing Cost of Sales by Total Inventories for the current month shows Inventory Turnover of .3. We are selling our inventory about once every three months.

Before we can say whether this is good or bad, we need to know how long our pipeline is, whether we've had seasonal buys or if we've got some stock that's dying on us. For most merchandising concerns, Inventory Turnover of about once a month is good. We are not moving the inventory very fast, so it's probably a good idea to get some answers from your MWR Chief.

Now, let's look at Accounts Receivable and Sales.

TATATA BOSCOLO BOSCOCO ROCCOCO CONCOCO

	43,900.00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
SALES	157,700.00	335,500.00

## Question four: Any problems collecting Accounts Receivable?

Accounts Receivable Turnover measures how old our receivables are. Time is money, so we want to collect what people owe us in a reasonable time. Dividing Accounts Receivable by our average daily credit Sales gives us this measure.

Since credit sales aren't broken out, we'll ask our MWR Chief to give us the information. He tells us the daily average is about \$900. Dividing this amount into current month Accounts Receivable gives us an average age of about 49 days. This means that, on average, our people pay about seven weeks after getting billed.

We need to look further at delinquent account information to decide whether or not we're OK here. Do we have a few delinquents who drive up the average? Are we aggressively acting to collect, including involuntary collection through the Accounting and Finance Office? Your MWR Chief knows the answers. If the problem is serious enough, you might want to take direct action through unit orderly rooms.

There are some other numbers on our statement we need to be aware of.

	201	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	80,100.00	86,100.00	-6,000.00
	232	UNEARNED INCOME	11,300.00	10,500.00	
٠,	245	CURRENT LOAN PAYABLE	29,180.00	32,100.00	
	251	LONG TERM LOAN PAYABLE	322,100.00	322,100.00	0.00

## Question five: Any other things we should know about?

Yes! Keep an eye on the monthly changes in Accounts Payable. We had a \$6,000 decrease this month, on the surface a good sign. Large swings in this account may signify trouble. Just watch changes and ask your MWR Chief to explain once in a while.

What's Unearned Income? Generally, this account includes annual dues, advance receipts for tours, etc. It's included under liabilities because the accountants say that, until we've provided the service or product, it's a liability. It's like, if the gymburned down, we'd have to refund advance annual locker fees. We recognize revenue from this account as each month passes.

The Current Loan Payable account includes this year's portion of the Long Term Loan Payable (remember how we defined "current"?). Just note that we're paying about \$2,900 a month on a long term loan which, judging by its balance, won't be paid up for about 10 years. Something to be aware of.

That pretty well covers the important Financial Health numbers. We looked at five ratios: Current, Quick, Debt, Inventory Turnover and Accounts Receivable Turnover. If any of these were unacceptable, we would want our MWR Chief and the MWR finance people to give us more detailed reasons why.

We're not quite ready to leave the Balance Sheet yet.

## Relationship to Operating Statement

Let's look at two accounts--one from the Statement of Income and Expense, the other from the Statement of Financial Condition.

	INCOME/LOSS		-445.00	• •	189.00	. 1
291	NET INCOMECURR	YEAR Current Mo	-445.00	Prior M	lo 634.00	

There is a direct relationship between the two financial statements we've discussed. Results of operations go directly to the Fund Equity section of the Balance Sheet. Since equity represents our ownership of fund assets, it follows that transfers of income increase assets—loss transfers decrease assets.

It's important, too, that we understand the difference between cash flow and income flow. We show **Results of Operation Before Deprec**iation because this line is the cash part of income. It is common to view depreciation as a non-cash expense, irrelevant to operational evaluation. The theoretically correct view, however, is that depreciation must be considered an operational expense because it reflects assets consumed in operations.

The Air Force position seems to be clear. It is net income after depreciation which we see transferred to equity accounts. In operations, however, we concentrate on cash impact, since cash flow is important to continued operations.

#### The Point

Understanding the relationship between our financial statements is important. Knowing how to use measurement ratios to analyze financial statements helps us understand this relationship. Our NAFIs get financially healthy through effective operations.

If we're financially healthy, we can invest in replacement of worn or outdated assets. We can also expand and improve programs to meet leisure time needs of our people.

If, on the other hand, we're not financially healthy, we can't do these things no matter how much they're needed.

The point? Knowing if we're financially healthy or not can make a big difference in doing the right thing to get programs on track. That's what these two chapters have been all about.

#### CHAPTER FIVE

#### SUPPORT QUESTIONS

### Setting the Tone

Our discussion of the Statement of Income and Expense included appropriated support—more importantly, that setting operating goals begins with a baseline of appropriated fund (APF) support. Assume our sample statement was for a NAFI which received APF support averaging \$16,000 each month. If that APF support had not been forthcoming, our loss would have been \$16,445 instead of \$445.

Transfer of losses to the Statement of Financial Condition decreases assets. So, the higher our losses, the more quickly we deplete assets. This is an overly simplistic view, but it does illustrate the importance of APF support.

Balance between APFs and NAFs is also important. The Statement of Financial Condition can tell us how much NAFs can contribute in the form of Working Capital. One good approach is this formula (using our sample numbers):

Current Assets - Current Liabilities = Working Capital

**\$438,400** - **\$131,230** = **\$307,170** 

We then look at what we plan to do with Working Capital. We're probably committed to pay for new/replacement equipment or other projects. Once again, your MWR Chief will have these figures.

The trick is to find the right balance between Working Capital (NAF) and APF support. We need to understand the rules to get this balance.

#### Categories of Activity

Air Force NAF activities are categorized by type to help decide to support or not with APFs or NAFs. Look at Table 5 for a concise summary of these categories. We see eight categories, a brief explanation of each and types of MWR activities conducted.

# TABLE 5

## CATEGORIES OF MWR ACTIVITIES

			71110
CATE	ORY & TITLE	EXPLANATION OF CATEGORY	TYPES OF MAR ACTIVITIES
I	Armed Services Exchanges	Provide through exchanges: (a) reimbursable goods/services to authorized patrons, and (b) funds to support other designated HMR programs.	Exchange operations.
II	Other Resale & Revenue-Sharing	Provide other than through exchanges: (a) reinbursable goods/services to authorized patrons, and (b) funds to support other MMR programs.	Audio club, Class VI stores, Cadet restaurant, etc.
111	Military General Welfare & Recreation	Provide welfare and recreation programs for military personnel. Category III-A provides MAF support to category III-B. Category III-B is divided into three groupings for funding support and will not be operated as separate MAF instrumentalities.	III-A Hq USAF, MAJCOM, Installation, Unit Morale, General Welfare and Recreation funds.  III-B Group 1: Libraries, sports, recreation centers, remote unit free sovies, Armed Forces entertainment, unit programs.
			Group 2: Arts & Crafts, entertainment, outdoor recreation, swimming pools, youth activities, competitive sports, child care, marinas, Bowling (six lanes).
		,	Group 3: Bowling ( more than six lanes), movies (paid admission), bingo, golf, skating, pro shops, snack bars, skeet/trap ranges, Armed Forces recreation centers.
10		Provide welfare and recreation programs for civilian personnel.	Civilian employee general welfare and recreation funds and activities.
V	Open Messes	Provide messing and essential feeding where required; also social programs, services and facilities to membership groups.	Hq USAF and MAJCOM open mess funds. OOM, NCOOM, consolidated open mess; food, bar, catering, bingo, etc.
IV	Other Membership Associations	Provide morale programs, services and facilities (other than open messes) to special interest groups. Sales only to members; revenues neither provided to or received from other NAFIs.	Aero, amateur radio, boating, scuba, community TV, parachute/skydiving, motorcycle and others which do not duplicate category III-B.
VII	Common Support Service NAFIs	Consolidated accounting, procurement or personnel services.	NAF Financial Management Branch, Civilian Personnel, etc.
VIII	Supplemental Mission Services	Adjunct services to training, health, billeting, other mission support programs.	Academy dining hall, billeting/housing, chaplain, animal care funds.

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### TABLE 6

## AUTHORIZED APPROPRIATED SUPPORT TO MWR

## ELEMENT OF EXPENSE

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MILITARY/CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

TRAVEL OF PERSONNEL

TRANSPORTATION OF THINGS
Appropriated Fund purchases.

NAF purchases

Household Goods--For authorized transportation.

UTILITIES AND RENTS
Utilities.

Rents.

COMMUNICATIONS

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE
Authorized appropriated fund equipment.

PRINTING AND REPRODUCTION

DTHER SERVICES

Education and training.
Auditing.
Data Automation and Financial Management Services.
Legal services.
Base Contracting Office.
Custodial and janitorial services.

Audiovisual services.

Common services. Trophies and awards. Hinor construction. Haintenance/repair.

AIRCRAFT PETROLEUM, OIL AND LUBRICANTS (POL)

SHIP PETROLEUM, OIL AND LUBRICANTS (POL)

OTHER SUPPLIES

EQUIPMENT

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

NONOPERATING EXPENSES
Architectural and Engineering services.
Military construction/purchase of real property.
Investment equipment.

#### AUTHORIZED CATEGORIES

All: per AFM 26-3.

All: PCS/TDY--appropriated personnel; TDY for NAF personnel on appropriated business.

All: Transoceanic/inland.

All: Transoceanic for US goods; first dest inland.

All: Transoceanic only for MAF personnel.

All: Outside COMUS. COMUS: III (a, B1, B2), IV (libraries/child care/etc), V enlisted/essential feeding, others uneconomical to estimate.

All: Not authorized except with SAF approval.

All: Electronic/postal official business.

All: Include items purchased with NAFs.

All: Except resale or internal operation costs.

All: For appropriated employees; MAF employees pay.

All: per AFR 175-4.

All: For command supervision and surveillance.

All: For Judge Advocate services.

All: Assistance; no-cost administration.

III (A,B1,B2), VII, III (B3) only for nonHWR purposes, V for enlisted/essential feeding.

III except resale, V essential feeding, all
others command supervision/financial management.

All: To protect health/welfare and HMR resources.

All: Mission accomplishment/other authority.

All: per AFR 86-1.

A11

VI may purchase per AFR 144-12.

III may purchase on reinbursable basis.

III except resale; IV, V essential feeding; others command supervision/financial management.

III except resale; Y essential feeding; VII command supervision; others only excess/surplus.

All: For command supervision.

All: Appropriated/NAF projects.

All: As approved by Congress.

III except for resale; Y for essential feeding;
YII for command supervision; others only excess/
surplus equipment.

Table 6 shows authorized APF support by element of expense for various NAF categories. A quick survey of these two tables reveals some basic facts about APF support. Generally:

- 1. Support is provided for non-income-generating Central Base Fund activities.
- 2. Support is provided for essential feeding facilities in open messes.
- 3. Support is provided for mission reasons and/or command supervision/surveillance.
- 4. Support is limited for income-generating, resale and/or internal NAF activities.

Both of these tables were summarized from lengthy information in AFM 172-1. They are factually and conceptually correct, but do not cover every possible option. Use them to open doors for increased APF support to your MWR activities.

## Relationship Between Mission and Support

We can see that appropriated support is somewhat discouraged for income-generating MWR activities, unless we can tie the level of support to mission requirements. This is a basic fact of life regarding MWR and APF support: commanders must be aware of MWR mission contributions to fully capitalize on APFs.

Commanders must get authorized APF support to make sure we expend only necessary NAFs. Otherwise, we deplete NAF assets and, ultimately, either charge higher prices or offer fewer programs for our people.

The outlook is for less APF availability in the coming years. Congress has issued instructions to limit support to some MWR activities. A recent Air Force Times informs us that the House Armed Services Readiness Subcommittee's Morale, Welfare and Recreation Panel "has told the Air Force to charge members more for using facilities such as bowling centers and golf courses."

In this environment, it's pretty important to be smart about our MWR mission contributions. Do we task MWR for contingencies or planned deployments? Do we use MWR resources to support direct mission activities? If so, we can tie APF support to a pretty good foundation.

## Appropriated Fund Support

We've established some general rules for appropriated support to MWR and shown the relationship between mission and that support. Let's go back to Table 6 and get specific about kinds of support authorized.

APFs can be used to buy:

- Bats, balls, gloves, uniforms, etc. for athletic programs.
- General supplies for all Category III activities.
- Walk-in refrigerators, stoves, dishwashers, etc. for your essential feeding facilities in open messes.
- Scoreboards and other equipment for outdoor fields/courts and dymnasiums.
- Equipment for playgrounds, youth activities, child care development, etc.

A lot of supplies and equipment! We can also use APFs to:

- Hire lifeguards for our swimming pools.
- Furnish and decorate new or renovated facilities.
- Keep MWR APF civilian positions filled.
- Refinish raquetball/basketball courts.
- Provide custodial services for MWR facilities.

We could go on. . .and on. We can provide a lot of support to MWR with APFs. For a more detailed look, see AFM 172-1 and AFR 215-5. Better yet, ask your MWR Chief and Comptroller.

### Appropriated Fund Budget

We can provide a lot of support to MWR. As with every element of your staff, though, the requirements must be included in the budget. Ask your MWR Chief to show you the appropriated budget submission. If MWR isn't asking for the bucks, make sure they get with the budget folks.

Tie MWR mission contributions directly to requests for those appropriated dollars. It's much easier to justify a mission need than "business" or resale requirements. Even with large construction requests, you'll find it helpful to know how the facility fits in with the mission. Appendix C shows funding policy for MWR facilities.

Speaking of facilities, your Civil Engineer and MWR Chief should be the best of friends. A good relationship here will make the difference in getting appropriate (and appropriated) support for MWR facilities. Everyone benefits.

Finally, make sure the appropriated budget gets year-round attention from your MWR people. Just because initial funding distribution doesn't cover all requirements doesn't mean we give up for the year. The MWR outfit that's ready to go with a valid list of unfunded requirements will be well-supported.

#### Commander's Role

There's really only one question here:

Do we use APFs effectively to support MWR programs?

To answer this question, we need to know the general rules for APF support covered in this chapter. The commander who uses this knowledge to directly participate in support decisions will get optimum APF support.

We don't want more than we're entitled to, but we do want a fair share. With your help, we'll get it.

#### CHAPTER SIX

#### CONCLUSION

This guide has been developed for you—the base commander. We have shown you a little about how to read financial statements and key in on important numbers. We've also shown you how to use those numbers to get a feel for how well your base MWR programs are doing from a profitability standpoint. But, we've also shown you that Air Force MWR programs don't always have to make a profit to be successful. It's the MWR mission to make money only to the extent needed to give our people leisure time programs which enhance morale and mission effectiveness.

Using APF support and modest profits we can invest in improved programs which, in turn, improve overall ability to perform our Air Force mission. So, even when faced with unexpected contingencies, we can look to well managed MWR programs to help the base commander get the job done. The better we perform in the financial end of MWR, the more help for the commander.

That's the key. This guide will help commanders save time and make better decisions for MWR. In turn, MWR will help maintain high morale and improve mission effectiveness.

Not a bad deal.

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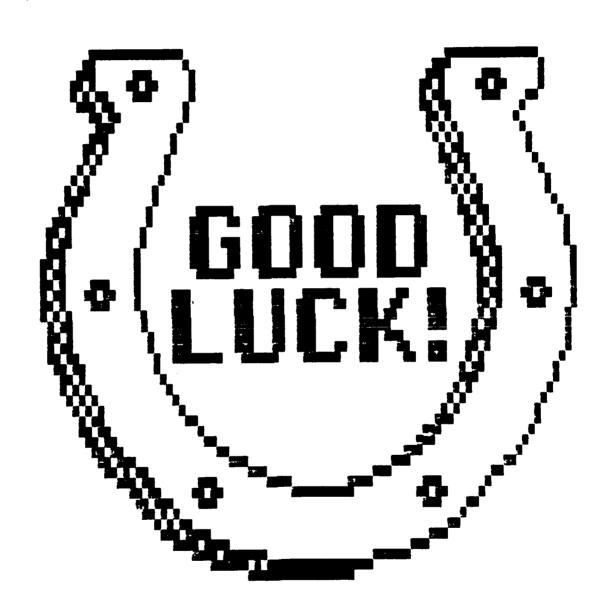
#### FINAL NOTE FOR COMMANDERS

You could use this guide alone—take the financial statements into your private office and do all the things we've talked about. You could do that.

But, you won't and shouldn't. You have a great MWR Chief just waiting for your questions—give that person a chance to shine!

Ask the questions. Better yet, show your MWR Chief this guide. You shouldn't be surprised if the MWR folks don't totally agree with everything in the guide. They'll have their own ideas to help you wade through the MWR financial world.

And that will turn out to be an even better deal!

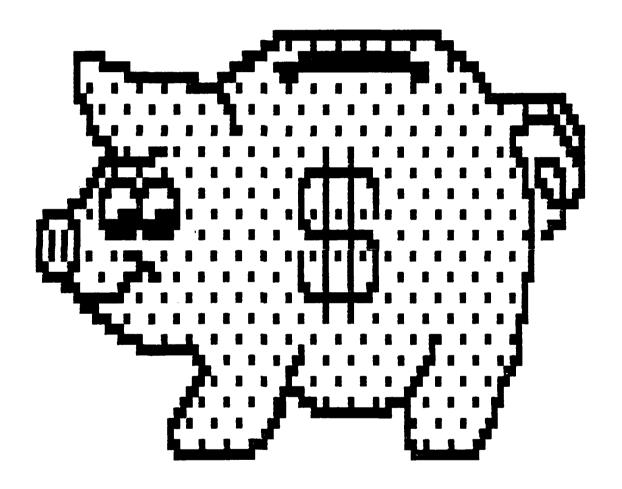


## APPENDIX A

## GENERAL LEDGER ACCOUNT CODES

Account <u>Number</u>	Title	Account Number	<u>Title</u>
101	Cash in Bank	290	Fund EquityPrior Years
102	foreign Currency in Bank	291	Current Year Income/Loss
103 %	Capital Trust	301	Sales
104	Cash DepositsCustomer Charges	401	Cost of Sales
105	Change and Imprest Funds Issued	50X	Dues, fees and Other Revenue
109	Interest Bearing Deposits	701	Payroll
110 111	CIP Investments	702	Foreign National Payroll
112	Accounts Receivable Returned Checks Receivable	703 704	Employer's ShareFICA Tax
116	Loans Receivable	70 <del>5</del>	Employer's ShareForeign Tax Employer's ShareGroup Insurance
119	Allocations Receivable	706	Employee Benefits and Awards-US
120	Allowance for Bad Debts	707	Employee Benefits and AwardsForeign
130	Prepaid Expenses	711	Severance Benefits
141	DepositsOther	712	Retirement Benefits
161	Inventory in Central Storeroom	715	Other Personnel Expense
162 163	Inventory in Sales Outlets	716	NAFFHB Services
164	Inventory in Transit	717	CCPO Expenses
171	Inventory in Decentralized Storeroom InvestmentSeverance Benefits	717 718 719	Computer Services
iśi	Depreciable AssetsFurn & Equip	719 720	Credit Card Expense Supplies
182	Accumulated DepreciationFurn & Equip	721	Aviation POL
183	Facilities and Improvements	723	Maint and RepairFund Owned
184	Accumulated DepreciationFac & Impr	724	Maint and RepairNot Fund Owned
185	Construction in Progress	725	Other Material Related Expense
186	Capital Leases	751	Entertainers
191	Long Term Loans Receivable	759	Other Promotional Expenses
192	severance Benefits ReceivableMAFIs	783	Slot Machine Support Expense
193 194	Deposits in NAFFMB	784	Uncollectible Accounts
201	Long Term Prepaid Expenses Accounts Payable	785 786	Reimbursable Management Expense
205	Federal Withholding Tax Payable	787	Uncollectible Dishonored checks Telephones and telegraph
206	State and Local Taxes Payable	788	Utilities
207	FICA Withheld	78 <b>9</b>	Other Operating Expenses
208	Foreign Taxes and Assessments	790	Office supplies
209	Severance/Separation Benefits Payable	791	Laundry and Linens
210 211	Accrued Retirement Fund Payable	793	Rental charges
211	Bonds Payable	796	Interest ExpensePrompt Payment Act
212 213	Union Dues Payable Charity Deductions Payable	797 798	Vending Machine Income-Sharing Expense
214	Tips Payable	779 7 <b>9</b> 9	DepreciationFurn & Fixtures
215	Accrued Annual Leave Payable	802	DepreciationFacilities & Improvements Contributions and Donations
216	Group Health & Life Insurance Payable	804	Interest Income
217	Accrued Payroll	805	Allocations Received
218	Health/Medical Payable	806	Dividends Received
219	COLA Offset Payable	912	Miscellaneous Income
224 225	Allotaents Payable	816	Severance Benefits Subsidy Received
225	Other Personnel Expenses Payable	833	Special Frants Receivedoperating
227	Vending Machine Income Sharing Payable Accrued Maintenance	834 855	Special Grants ReceivedConstr/Equip
232	Unearned Income	856	Dividends ReceivedCiv Pers Costs Dividends ReceivedAccounting Costs
241	Allocations Payable	902	Contributions and Donations
245	Current Portion of Long Term Loans Payable	906	Cash Overages and Shortages
246	Capital Requirements Loans	907	Slot Machine Distr to Welfare Funds
249	Other Current Liabilities	908	Air Force Assessments
251 252	Long Term Loans payable	909	Command Assessments
232	Capital Requirements Loans	910	Bain or LossCurrency Exchange
253 270	Deposits From Other MAFIS	912	Miscellaneous Expense
270 271	Severance PayableNAFFHB Long Term Severance/Separation Pay & Benefits	933	Gain or Loss-Disposition of Assets
276	Other Long Term Liabilities	936 961	Gain or LossCurrency Revaluation
289	Declared Equity Distribution (Dividends)	791	Extraordinary Items

NOTE: FOR MORE DETAILED INFORMATION ON ACTUAL CONTENT OF ACCOUNTS, SEE AF MANUAL 176-10, ATTACHMENT 1.

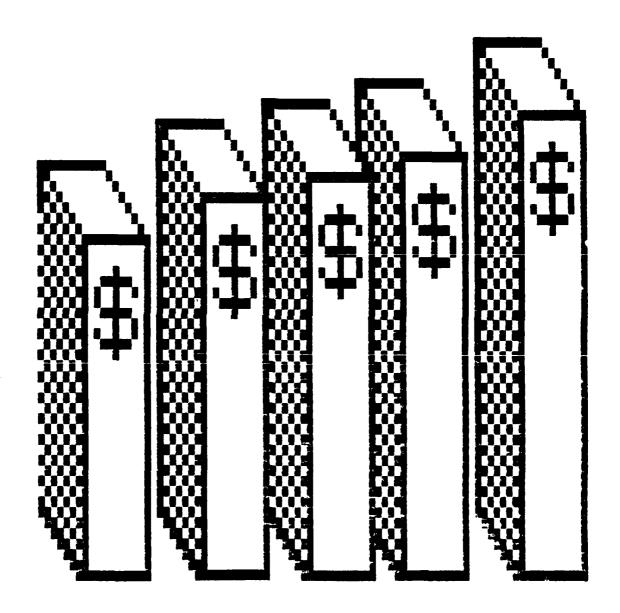


## APPENDIX B

# MWR REGULATIONS AND PAMPHLETS

NUMBER	TITLE	<u>OPR</u>
34-3 34-4	PERSONNEL SERVICES REGULATIONS MWR Basic Responsibilities, Policies and Practices MWR Basic Responsibilities, Policies and Practices Private Organizations	AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS
176-1 176-2 176-3 176-7	MONAPPROPRIATED FUNDS RESULATIONS Basic Responsibilities, Policies and Practices Financial Operations and Control of Assets Nonappropriated Fund Budgeting & Expenditure Control Participation by Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Air Force Organizations in Nonappropriated Funds	AFWB AFWB/C AFWB/C AFWB/C
176-9 176-10 176-14 176-18 176-22	Nonappropriated Fund Contracting (PA) Financial Operations and Accounting Procedures Civilian Nonappropriated Funds and Related Activities Chaplain Funds (PA)	RDCL AFMPC/MPCS MPKE HCB
176-24 176-378	International Balance of Payments Nonappropriated Fund Transactions Accounting Policy for Nonappropriated Funds Standard Accounting Procedures for Nonappropriated Funds (Mechanized) Users Manual	AFAFC/XS6C AFAFC/XS6 DSDO/ACSB
176-676	Command-Level Standard Accounting Procedures for Nonappropriated Funds, Users Manual	DSDO/ACSA
215-1 215-5 215-6 215-7 215-8 215-9 215-11 215-12 215-13 215-13 215-17 215-17 215-20 215-21 215-21 215-22 215-24 215-25	MORALE, WELFARE AND RECREATION REGULATIONS Air Force Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MMR) Programs and Activities Appropriated Fund Support Morale, Welfare and Recreation and Transient Billeting Facility Requirements The Control, Procurement, Sale and Use of Alcoholic Beverages Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MWR) Activities — MWR Supply Support Interservice Photography Contest Armed Forces Professional Entertainment Program Overseas Air Force Open Mess Program Air Force Geno Club Program Membership Clubs Air Force Library Service Arts and Crafts Program Air Force Golf Program Air Force Outdoor Recreation Program Recreation Center Programs (PA) Air Force Sports Program (PA) Air Force Sports Program (PA) Air Force Competitive Recreation and Sports Activities Air Force Bowling Center Program Air Force Relations with Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MMR) Related National Agencies and Professional Organizations Child Development Program (PA)	AFMPC/MPCS
215-27 215-3 215-4 215-30 215-31 215-33 215-34 215-37 215-39 215-39 215-40 215-41	Child Development Program (PA)  MORALE, WELFARE AND RECREATION PAMPHLETS Commanders' Guide to Morale, Welfare and Recreation Division Air Force Child Care Activities HWR Monappropriated Fund (NAF) Facilities Requirements Programming HWR Kitchen Design Package Development Publicity Guide for the Morale, Welfare and Recreation Manager Morale, Welfare and Recreation Objectives Hembership Promotional Program Guide Air Force Infant Care Guide Air Force Sports Program Guide Air Force Bowling Center Manager's Guide An Introduction to Marketing for Morale, Welfare and Recreation Managers Training Responsibilities, Policies and Procedures for Morale, Welfare and Recreation (HWR) Personnel (PA)	AFMPC/MPCS  AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS AFMPC/MPCS

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APPENDIX C
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FUNDING POLICY - CONSTRUCTION OF COMMUNITY FACILITIES

TYPE OF FACILITY	APPROPRIA CONUS OVI	ATED ERSEAS	NONAPPRO	OPRIATED OVERSEAS
Gymnasium/Field House/Physical Activities Complex	X	X		
Recreation Center/Day Room/Hulti-Purpose Recreation Facility	X	X		
Multi-Purpose Auditorium/Theatre	X	X		
MMR Administrative Office/Supply Center	X	X		
Family Assistance/Service Center	x	X		
Child Care Center	x	X		
Swimming Pool	x	X		
Library	x	X		
Officers'/Enlisted Open Mess			X	X
Consolidated Open Mess		X	X	
Arts and Crafts/Automotive Self-Help Garage/Skill Development Centers		X	x	
Thrift Shops			Private	e Funds
Playing Courts/Fields (as part of gym/field house/etc.)	x	X		
Playing Courts/Fields (stand alone)			X	X
Package Beverage Store/Rod and Gun Club/Aero Club			x	X
Temporary Lodging Facility/Guest House			X	X
Outdoor Recreation Pavillion/Cabin/Cottage/Recreation Site Lodge			x	X
Bowling Center/Youth Center/Solf Course Facility			X	X
Skating Rink (ice or roller)/Amateur Radio Facility/Bathhouse			x	X
Riding Stable/Camp Ground/Marina/Boathouse/Outdoor Theater/Bandstand			X	X

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NOTE: Appropriated funds may be used for all community facility construction related to the establishment, activation or expansion of a military installation; relocation of facilities for the convenience of the government; replacement of facilities denied by country-to-country agreements; restoration of facilities destroyed by acts of God, fire or terrorism; and to correct life safety deficiencies.

# INDEX

Accounts Payable, 15, 17	Financial goals/objectives, 8-10
Accounts Receivable, 14, 17	Financial statements, 6-8, 10-12
Aero Club, 3	Important goals, 8
Appropriated funds (APFs), 3, 9-10,	Income
17, 19-22	Questions, 5, 7-8
Assets, 11, 14, 16	Generating activities, 9
Current, 13, 17	Non-generating activities, 9
Total, 13	Unearned, 15
Billeting Fund, 3	Inventories, 14
Business Ratios, 3	Liabilities, 11
Accounts Receivable Turnover, 3, 14-15	Current, 13, 17
Current, 3, 13, 15	Long-Term, 15
Debt, 3, 13, 15	Total, 13
Gross Frofit, 3, 8	MAJCOM/Local goals, 8, 10, 13
Inventory Turnover, 3, 14-15	Morale & Mission Effectiveness,
Operating Cost Coverage, 3, 7-8	5, 20-21, 23
Profit Margin, 3, 8	MWR Chief, 7-9, 13-15, 17, 21
Quick, 3, 13, 15	23
Return on Sales, 3, 7, 8	Nonappropriated Funds (NAFs),
Central Base Fund, 3, 8-9	3, 17, 20
Class VI Store, 3	Activities, 17-19
Commander	Fin'l Mgt Branch, 3
Responsibilities, 1, 10, 22	Instrumentality, 3, 5, 8-9, 11
Role, 22	Profit making, 5
Delinquent accounts, 14	Stmt of Fin'l Condition, 11-12
Depreciation, 16	Stmt of Income & Expense, 5-6
Equity, 11, 13, 15	Support Questions, 17, 22
Financial Health Questions, 11, 13-15	Working Capital, 17